

Figure 9. Lanky arborescent Sambucus racemosa var. microbotrys at Reading Island Recreation Area (BLM) campsite on the Sacramento River, Shasta Co. (Site #61); note the pruning scars and absence of bark on much of the trunk.

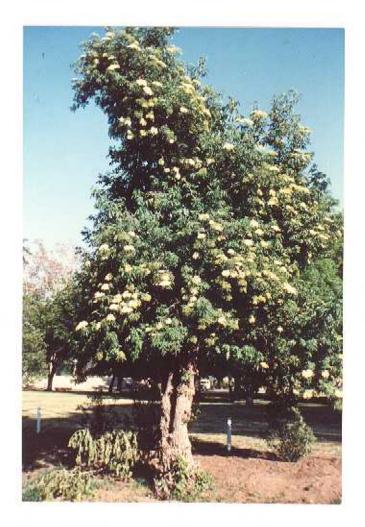


Figure 10. Massive arborescent Sambucus, with a maximum trunk diameter of 30 inches, adjacent to Bartlett Park (Co.) on the Tule River east of Porterville, Tulare Co. (Site #35); the tree had been pruned.

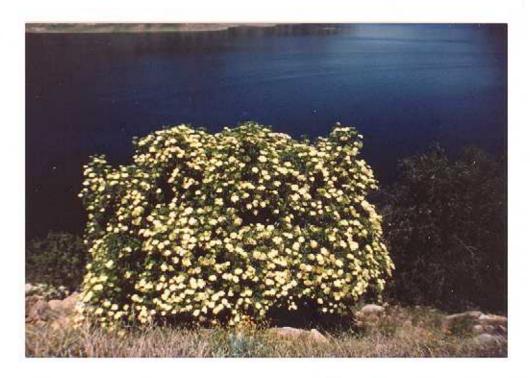


Figure 11. Sambucus in full bloom above Lake Kaweah (COE), Hwy. 198, Tulare Co. (Site #33).



Figure 12. Dense Sambucus grove along Gordon Valley Creek about 4 mi. northwest of Fairfield, Solano Go. (Site #125).



Figure 13. Clean-cut, typical VELB exit hole (Site #56).



Figure 14. Partly healed VELB exit hole (Site #61).



Figure 15. Healed VELB exit hole (Site #32).



Figure 16. Possible VELB exit holes plugged with sawdust/frass from secondary insect infestation, perhaps by termites (Site #32).



Figure 17. Enlarged holes with extruded sawdust/frass from recent non-VELB insect activity (Site #20).



Figure 18. Enlarged hole with extruded sawdust/frass from recent non-VELB insect activity (Site #20).